

ALBUQUERQUE EVENING HERALD
(Successor to Tribune Citizen.)A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.
BY THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.Published every afternoon except
Sunday at 122-124 North Second
Street, Albuquerque, N. M.Entered as second-class matter
March 5, 1911, at the postoffice at
Albuquerque, N. M., under the Act of
March 3, 1879.One month by mail..... 50 cents
One month by carrier..... 60 cents
One year by mail..... \$5.00
One year by carrier..... 60.00

Telephone 67.

DEMOCRACY AROUSED.

The house committee on territories already is receiving a flood of telegrams and letters from both Democrats and Republicans in New Mexico, protesting against any further delay in the proposed favorable action on the constitution of New Mexico and our speedy admission to the union.

It is an unfortunate thing that right at this stage of the rather delicate situation in congress these gentlemen, animated by a misguided zeal and a personal sense of greatness, should so far forget the battles of fifty years that we have been waging for statehood as to interpose any obstruction to our admission.

Congress through the enabling act has promised us statehood. Both the great parties of the country through their platforms have pledged themselves to admit us without delay; the new house has already declared for our admission; the senate stood ready to put us in at the last session but for a lamentable filibuster by a few gentlemen who are well known for just such work.

In the face of all this, it seems hardly possible that any New Mexican with red blood in his veins and the pulse of liberty in his body, could so far forget the duty he owes to this territory as to put personal ambitions and self-bigness before the will of the voters as expressed at the recent constitutional election.

It is unfortunate, and that does not really express what delay means to us at this time, that any obstruction to our admission should come from this territory. It has always been the history of statehood rights that the enemies of New Mexico in congress could always find a few individuals in New Mexico to furnish them some pretext, however slight, on which to oppose our admission.

It is well known what the motives of the present move are; they are all the more surprising, coming from the sources that they do.

The defeat of statehood at this time will be nothing short of a real calamity, should it be accomplished. How much better would it have been had these gentlemen gone to Washington as patriotic citizens to join forces and work for our admission? They would have received the plaudits not only of their own party but of all the voters, for it would have shown them to be big men indeed.

The statehood question at its present stage has ceased to be a party measure; it has ceased to be anything more than a just right to which we are entitled and which we are in demand of congress.

The statehood question can only become a party measure again through the machinations of men who seek to divert political capital to themselves by using the statehood question and the people of this territory as a footstool to furnish the material.

Any man of any party who, at this time, seeks delay or defeat for statehood deserves no political recognition from the ranks of any faction or side and he will receive none.

Explanations, excuses and digressions will not avail the statehood resolution has already been delayed a week and that is a week too long. It is time for the enterprising statesmen to return to the rear ranks where men of no larger caliber in either party belong.

Local Democrats were astounded today to hear of the action of the self-styled Democratic New Mexico leaders at Washington who are fighting immediate statehood, says the New Mexican of Santa Fe. They declare that these so-called leaders were not authorized to take this stand and that there was no legal meeting of the territorial central committee since the convention of last fall at Santa Fe. A number of the members of the territorial central committee at Santa Fe and Albuquerque today sent telegrams to the national Democratic leaders at Washington protesting against the stand for delay as taken by A. A. Jones, J. D. Hand and others, according to yesterday's dispatches and members of the committee in other counties will follow suit. It is apparent that

Democracy in New Mexico is split on the statehood question but it is certain that the great majority of the rank and file favor annexation statewide.

The Clovis Journal has a habit of digging into a man's weak points and then calling attention to them through its columns. Recently the Journal went after some of our distinguished statesmen after this rash:

"Do you know—

That Hon. J. T. McTigue of Roswell, a prominent New Mexico attorney, has the reputation of being one of the best minded Democrats in the valley?

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Green B. Patterson, a Socorro Democrat, striking his own definition of it, was the only member of the New Mexico constitutional convention who paraded the fact that he was from a "dago." Green B. was also one of the largest men physically in the convention. Senor Romero, a Spanish-American, perhaps being his only superior in size and weight.

"WE only want to amend the constitution; WE are not fighting statehood," is the cry being raised by a few disgruntled ones just now, when the spotlight has been turned upon their scheme to deny the admission of New Mexico until 1912 or afterwards. Curiously enough, these gentlemen probably do not realize that the people of this territory are the ones to raise a hue and cry about amending the constitution if they want it amended. It would be interesting to the public to know who "WE" are representing. It can not be that "WE" represent the Democratic party, the Republican party or any other party, since a majority of all parties in this territory have approved the constitution by a vote to one.

Explanations are in order.

If the people of New Mexico want to experiment with the recall they might wait a hundred years before finding a more opportune time than the present for using it on J. D. Hand, A. A. Jones and H. B. Ferguson, self-styled leaders who are now engaged in fighting statehood.

THE FIRST FAST MAIL

A veteran of the postal service, Clark E. Carr of Champaign, Ill., tells in his book, "The Railway Mail Service," of the fast mail train started back in 1875, which required twenty-seven hours to cover a distance now made by many trains in twenty hours or less.

This epoch-making train went from New York to Chicago over the New York Central & Hudson River and the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroads, said the author.

It left New York at 4 o'clock in the morning of September 16, 1875, and was scheduled to arrive in Chicago at 8 o'clock on the morning of the following day. Mr. Bangs, the superintendent of the fast mail, was in charge of the train when it joined at Cleveland. I shall never forget the look of triumph that illuminated the face of the great postal official as he stood upon the platform, waving in hand, as the mighty train, air of postal cars, came thundering into the station at Cleveland on time.

Having previously secured press passes through the lines, Oscar reached on the first entrenchment of the rebels at 6:30 a. m. After interviewing some of the rebel fighters and Americans in the trenches he reached a point where he saw the bodies of over a hundred Yankees near the tent building. He then retraced his steps to the time he was about to mount his horse when a bullet hit the animal and a second bullet grazed the temple of the newspaperman. Oscar did not carry to argue the point with the distant rebel sharpshooter, whose marksmanship was dangerously good, but he wisely instead of out of range.

The hero of Agua Prieta suffered but a slight flesh wound, is in the wounded list, but the Prospector, as usual, was at the front.

WHY SO MANY TRAINS ARE RUNNING LATE

Train No. 2 on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway was held two minutes at Stratford, Ill., a few days ago for a doctor on account of a dying child. At Emporia, recently a train lost five minutes while the conductor assisted an old lady who was crippled and partially blind to gather her belongings together and get out of the coach. At Ogallala city another train lost six minutes because the trainmen followed a newly married couple into the car to give them a ride shower. The train pulled out and had to stop to let the cut-ups out.

The public watched the fast mail experiments with profound interest.

There were ways said that such an innovation would be too expensive and was unnecessary. I remember that the St. Louis papers grumbled because the experiment was not made in the direction of St. Louis instead of Chicago. The daily papers published reprints from the train and bulletins were displayed giving the time it was making from hour to hour. It was important to the railway officials that a train, even movement of which was being watched by the people of the whole great nation, should be on time. No man felt this to a greater degree than the engineer who made the final run into Chicago. As we got out of the cars there were a number of persons gathered about the engine. Upon approaching it we found the engineer lying that upon his back in the cab. He had lost the lever and kept his train in hand until he reached his destination, but upon reaching his grasp, had fallen back apparently dead, the great strain had been too much for him. But the brave engineer was soon restored to consciousness.

Local Democrats were astounded today to hear of the action of the self-styled Democratic New Mexico leaders at Washington who are fighting immediate statehood, says the New Mexican of Santa Fe. They declare that these so-called leaders were not authorized to take this stand and that there was no legal meeting of the territorial central committee since the convention of last fall at Santa Fe. A number of the members of the territorial central committee at Santa Fe and Albuquerque today sent telegrams to the national Democratic leaders at Washington protesting against the stand for delay as taken by A. A. Jones, J. D. Hand and others, according to yesterday's dispatches and members of the committee in other counties will follow suit. It is apparent that

HOLDING COMPANY
OF ELKS MEET

NEW MEXICO NEWS

(From the New Mexico Press)

Stock Is Being Taken Over by Lodge Rapidly and Condition of Concern Is Excellent; New Officers Are Chosen.

At the annual meeting of the Elks Lodge Building company, held at the Elks club rooms last night, officers for the coming year were elected. D. J. Rankin will succeed W. H. Hahn and John L. Clarke takes the place of W. W. Strong on the committee. The other officers will remain the same. Frank McKee succeeds himself as president. P. F. McClellan will continue to hold the position of secretary and H. W. D. Bryan will remain in the vice presidency. Mr. Rankin occupies the position of treasurer, and Mr. Clark will fill the post of attorney. Frank Stork was reelected to the position of manager of the opera house.

Following a general meeting of the stockholders, at which a majority of the members of that body were present, the Elks Holding company voted to hold the secretary's report for the year and proceeded to the annual election.

Most gratifying progress has been made toward the taking over by the lodge of the stock of the Elks Building company. During the last six months \$6,000 worth of stock has been thus purchased, and prospects for completely taking over the stock of the company seem on the eve of realization. Perhaps in six months, stated a member today, this will be accomplished. Then the Elks will endeavor to erect a new club house if the present plans are carried out. Plans for the new structure, which is hoped will be erected on the lot adjoining the theater building are being exhibited in the club rooms.

CLOVIS TENNIS PLAYERS WILL ARRIVE TONIGHT

They Will Meet Local Team on Court Here Tomorrow; Game Will Be Played in the Morning by Request.

The Clovis tennis champions will arrive here tonight and will play singles and double matches with representatives of the Alamoette Tennis association on the local courts tomorrow. Messrs. Lester and Fazins will represent the locals, with Julius Staub and Herbert Raymont as possible alternates in their positions. They also—also getting sets and taking off all, it begins to look as though our farmers mean business and are determined to make a go of it here.

WILLARD PUMP PLANTS ARE DOING THINGS

Willard, N. M., April 21.—Things are moving steadily forward in the pumping propaganda in the Willard Valley. The Willard Record this week says:

T. E. Anderson, representing the Fairbanks-Morse gasoline engines was in town Monday and received several orders for irrigation plants which are to be installed on farms in Willard within the next thirty days.

PROSPECTS FOR FRUIT AT ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO

Roswell, N. M., April 21.—Four car loads of orange juice were shipped this spring to be used in sunshades throughout the country. Not since the excellent season of four years ago have conditions looked as favorable at this time of the year as they do at present.

A good snow and rain during the present month has put the ground in condition for planting, and our farmers generally have taken advantage of it and have been over turning the soil. Some still begin seedling next week.

A number of our farmers are making preparations for irrigating gardens and small ranch pastures. They are also getting sets and taking off all, it begins to look as though our farmers mean business and are determined to make a go of it here.

ROY EDITOR RESIGNS

With this issue the present editor severs his connection with the Spanish-American. We are grateful for the many kindnesses shown us by the owners of the plant and all the people of Roy. We have tried to get out a clean readable local paper, and present the claims of this mesa to our distant readers forthright and effectively. We will go cheerfully back to the command plant once trifles are adjusted to remain identified with other interests here—Irvin Ogden, Sr. Editor Roy Spanish-American.

EDUCATOR FOR FOLSOM SCHOOL

Prof. H. H. Errett has accepted the principalship of the Folsom school for the following year at a salary of \$100 per month. This is more than the Des Moines school board was willing to pay. The Folsom board decided to go after the best early. It was somewhat of an accident that the school board at Des Moines secured the services of Prof. Errett two years ago. Miss Farr will also teach in the Folsom district—Des Moines Swanson.

ROY TEACHER HONORED

Closely following the visit of Territorial Superintendent of Schools J. M. Clark of Santa Fe to the Roy schools comes evidence of appreciation of the pedagogic talent he found in the teacher D. Ella Romine, teacher in our primary department, requesting that she prepare a course of study in primary methods for the territorial and all county journals for this year. This honor comes as a complete surprise to Mrs. Romine, but she will make good it is a foregone conclusion—Roy Spanish-American.

LAMING CROP EXCELLENT

Las Vegas, N. M., April 21.—Lambs are now in progress on the ranges throughout San Miguel county. The season of lambs this year, from present indications, will be a large one, exceeding that of last season. Sheep breeding has nearly one-half the number of ewes as last year. The alarm is to see when the thermometer reaches thirty-five degrees. They have a good prospect for full fill at the present time.

Telephone communication had with Oscar Gold who is representing the Prospector at the front, briefly told the thrilling story of his arrows as came thundering into the station at Cleveland on time.

"Upon a rising at Toledo—I think it was Toledo—we were about twenty minutes late. The division superintendent of the railway with his train walked forward on the platform to the engine, and I followed. The schedule time for the train was fast for those days, and it was important to the railway that it should arrive on time, as the whole nation was watching it through the public press. The engineer bailed out of his cab as the superintendent spoke to him a few hundred yards of which I only heard him say as we hastily withdrew from the car. You must make it."

We drove into the Elk Shore station at Chicago and stopped, some way, a minute ahead of, certainly on time—and the rear mail service was inaugurated. From that day forward there has never been a cessation of the fast mail service. Its benefits were so immediately apparent and gratifying that every one anticipated them. The people would no more consent to return to the old system than they would to go back to the old stage routes.

The public watched the fast mail experiments with profound interest.

There were ways said that such an innovation would be too expensive and was unnecessary. I remember that the St. Louis papers grumbled because the experiment was not made in the direction of St. Louis instead of Chicago. The daily papers published reprints from the train and bulletins were displayed giving the time it was making from hour to hour. It was important to the railway officials that a train, even movement of which was being watched by the people of the whole great nation, should be on time. No man felt this to a greater degree than the engineer who made the final run into Chicago. As we got out of the cars there were a number of persons gathered about the engine. Upon approaching it we found the engineer lying that upon his back in the cab. He had lost the lever and kept his train in hand until he reached his destination, but upon reaching his grasp, had fallen back apparently dead, the great strain had been too much for him. But the brave engineer was soon restored to consciousness.

Local Democrats were astounded today to hear of the action of the self-styled Democratic New Mexico leaders at Washington who are fighting immediate statehood, says the New Mexican of Santa Fe. They declare that these so-called leaders were not authorized to take this stand and that there was no legal meeting of the territorial central committee since the convention of last fall at Santa Fe. A number of the members of the territorial central committee at Santa Fe and Albuquerque today sent telegrams to the national Democratic leaders at Washington protesting against the stand for delay as taken by A. A. Jones, J. D. Hand and others, according to yesterday's dispatches and members of the committee in other counties will follow suit. It is apparent that

Democracy in New Mexico is split on the statehood question but it is certain that the great majority of the rank and file favor annexation statewide.

The Clovis Journal has a habit of digging into a man's weak points and then calling attention to them through its columns. Recently the Journal went after some of our distinguished statesmen after this rash:

"Do you know—

That Hon. J. T. McTigue of Roswell,

a prominent New Mexico attorney,

has the reputation of being one of the best minded Democrats in the valley?

The Clovis Journal has a habit of digging into a man's weak points and then calling attention to them through its columns. Recently the Journal went after some of our distinguished statesmen after this rash:

"Do you know—

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has ever distinguished himself in New Mexico politics. Mr. Brice is about 78 years of age, is a Democrat and a living hoyo. Even his wife graciously acknowledges that he is not a handsome fellow.

That Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad is the quiet man, excepting the Rev. T. B. Catron of Santa